he seemed to have. Sir William makes a curi-

ous comparison: "The only person whom I have met with, who reminds me in any/way of the manner of Disraeli in private life, is Mr. Henry Irving. When I first had the honor of knowing him, I could not persuade myself that he was not imitating Disraeli's manner; the peculiar slowness and deliberation of utterance; a voice very much of the same timbre; and the resemblance in other minute particulars surprised me."

Whoever knew Disraeli and knows Mr. Irving will be struck by these points of similarity, now that they have been indicated. Others might be added; occasional taciturnity for one. Both men meditated deeply: Disraeli on the things of his world and Mr. Irving on the things of his; the one on Empire, the other on the Stage. I don't know that a great actor who has profoundly modified the relation of his brotherhood to society, and lifted his own art to a distinctly higher level, has done a less service than he who put the vote into the hands of half a million of rather ignorant' persons.

Disraeli endured a lifelong martyrdom of peculiar kind. He was a man of genius surrounded by, for the most part-well, let us say men not of genius. Sir William is not given to analyzing, but he has one passage which is excellent: "Brilliant himself, he felt deeply that to shine was not to succeed; the position which he achieved was in spite of his exceptional qualities: not on account of them. There was nothing that he hated more than commonplace; and there was nothing that he made more use of. The impression that nothing went down with the House of Commons but solemn twaddle grew upon him."

And that, after all, is but another way of saying that he understood his time and the world in which he lived. The pathetic note makes itself heard still more strongly in his own remark that his success came too late. He never had real power and his own way in the business of governing till 1874. Then for rix years he was King of England. But in 1874 he was sixty-nine years old, and they were years most of which had left their mark upon him. "He was worn out," said one of his friends to me. His energy was gone, his power of work was no longer continuous, the capacity to achieve the great things on which he had so long brooded was no longer his. The fresh elasticity of youth and middle age had departed. He could govern, but it was with an effort, not with the delight of a strong man in vast responsibilities and opportunities. If he could have had in 1868 the majority of 1874, he might probably have changed the history of England, and perhaps G. W. S. of Europe.

WEDDINGS.

Miss Florence Evelyn Baker was married at noon gesterday to Howard Bligh St. George, of Galway, Ireland, at the home of her father, George F. Baker, No. 258 Madison ave. The ceremony, which took place in the beautiful large hall, was performed by the Rev. Theodore C. Williams, of the Unitarian Church of All Souls. Miss Queenie Baker, the bride's young sister, was the maid of honer. John Mahon, of Gal-Ireland, was best man. The ceremony and wedding breakfast which followed were attended by the relatives and intimate friends of the young couple, sall on Saturday for their home in Ireland. They expect to return in about two months for a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Baker, at Montmouth Beach, N. J. At Mazzetti's, Sixth-ave, and Forty-ninth-st., last

evening, Miss Therese Hellner, daughter of Solomon Hellner, of No. 230 East One-hundred-and-twentyfourth-st., was married to Sigfried Prince, of this city. The Rev. Maurice H. Harris, of the Temple Israel Harlem, performed the ceremony. The groomsmen were Julius and Leo Prince, brothers of the bridegroom; Alexander Lindner, and Emanuel Heilner, an uncle of the bride. The bride was attended by her two little sisters. A wedding dinner and a dance followed the ceremony. Among the guests were Mr and Mrs. Ellas Asiel, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Strauss, Dr. and Mrs. E. Sanders, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Herr, Mr. and Mrs. William Strauss, the Misses Harris and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Strauss

A pretty wedding took place in the First Presby terian Church, Mount Vernon, last night, when Miss Florence A. Sleight, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Sleight, was married to Walter M. Briggs. Rev. Charles S. Lane officiated, and as the young couple entered the church the wedding march from was played by Mason Currier, the Lohengrin," The maid of honor was Miss Lizzie Suttle; the bridesmaids were the Misses Lizzie E. Briggs and Jennie Wray, and the best man was J. Elmer Briggs. and Charles E. Steele. A reception at the house of the bride's parents in Sixth-ave. followed the wed-The young couple will make a tour through New-England, and after their return will spend the summer at Lake Champlain. The fact that this is the first wedding in the new Presbyterian Church recalls the incident that the bride's father and mother were the first couple married in the Reformed Chapel in Mount Vernon. Among the large number of handsome presents were a massive oxydized silver lamp from

the bride's associates in the Sunday-school.

A wedding of interest to Baltimore society took place at noon yesterday at the Church of the Archangel, One-hundred-and-eighteenth-st, and Eighthanger, One-mindred-and-eightechth-se, and Eighth-ave. The parties were Horace W. Brown, the secretary of the Kenilworth Club of Baltimore, and Miss Estelle Warren Earlougher, also a member of that society. The Rev. Dr. Treat perfermed the ceremony, which was witnessed by a few Washington and Baltimore friends of the couple. The bride was given away by her brother, J. M. Earlougher.

THE HOLLAND SOCIETY'S OFFICERS.

The Holland Society has elected the following Ex-Judge George M. Van Hoesen, president; Judge Charles H. Truax, vice-president, for the city of New-York; Theodore M. Banta, secretary, and Eugene Van Schaick, treasurer. Chauncey M. Depew and the Rev. Dr. Van Dyke were elected to the board of trustees. The election was unanimous, and the best of feeling prevailed. The society is in a highly prosperous condition, having nearly a thousand members, and a surplus in its treasury.

ALFRED B. SCHANZ'S RETURN.

Alfred B. Schanz, of the Frank Leslie Alaska exploring expedition, reached New-York last night, after over a year's wanderings in that Arctic province Mr. schanz travelled about 4,500 miles on foot, by raft, cance, skin boats and dog sledges. He said last night that point of discoveries the expedition was highly successful. A great stretch of new territory at the head waters of the Yukon was mapped by him, and a fitting climax to the year's work was his discovery of the second largest body of fresh water in Alaska, which he named Lake Clark, and of the Noghelin River, the main affiner of Lake Harma. of Lake Hiamna.

Bright, crisp, little advertisements, describing in a rect way the varied requirements of a host of sple, fill many columns on the ninth page of The direct way the people, fill man Tribune to-day.

MR. BLAINE'S CONDITION.

The rain yesterday prevented Mr. Blaine from taking a ride such as he indulged in on Monday afternoon. He passed the day, as usual, at the house of his daugh It is not yet decided whether he will return to ashington or go to Maine next week. Berlin, May 26.—Waiter Damrosch, son-in-law of

Mr. Blaine, has arrived here. Shortly after reaching this city Mr. Damrosch received cable messages from New-York stating that Mr. Blaine was rapidly recovering his health, and that the stories circulated about his illness were greatly exaggerated.

CLOSE OF PRITSFIELD'S MUSIC FESTIVAL. Pittsfield, Mass., May 26 (Special).-The close of the Music Festival was successful in every respect. The afternoon performance included the overture to "Tannhaeuser," Grieg's suite, "Peer Gynt"; Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, and the largo from Handel's "Xerxes," by the string orchestra, with Mr. Mollenhauer in the violin solo. There were also tenor solos by George J. Parker, Who was heard in Berkshire for the first time, and who found great with the andience. The youthful violinist Winternitz so pleased the musical people that they were not satisfied until he had responded to two encores. At the evening concert over 2,000 people were in attendance. The singing of Miss De Vere aroused great cuthuslasm. Both in the Stabai Mater and in David's brilliant aria, "La Perle du Bresile," she was in excellent voice and received a hearty wel-The other solo parts in the Stabat Mater were Mr. Parker and Mr. Lamson. "Festival Motet," for full chorus and soprano solo, was given, with Mrs. Jennie Patrick Walker in part. The chorus had not been drilled suffi-to bring out all the effects of the work, which ell written production. The closing number "Ride of the Walkucre," from "Die Walkucre."

a director. Throughout, the festival has been a pro-

CLOSED BY THE SHERIFF.

JOHN RYAN'S SONS, OF ATLANTA, FAIL FOR \$1,000,000

IT WAS ONE OF THE LARGEST DRY GOODS

HOUSES OF THE SOUTH. Atlanta, Ga., May 26 .- John Ryan's Sous, the largest dry goods establishment between Baltimore and New-Orleans, and, it is even asserted, the largest south of New-York, was closed by the sheriff to-day. Mortgages aggregating \$348,573 have been recorded, and it is understood that others not yet recorded will run the total up to \$450,000. A rough estimate puts the liabilities at something over \$1,000,000, with assets

The house is one of the oldest in the South. It F. Ryan sold his interest to Stephen A. Ryan, who has since been sole proprietor. His business has grown rapidly, and Mr. Ryan himself has become one of the best known men in the dry goods trade of the country. by N. J. Schloss & Co., of New-York, which created a stir in the business world. Ryan won that suit, and afterward sued the New-York firm for \$100,000 dam ages. That suit is still pending. After the first suit was decided in his favor, Ryan met a member of the Schloss firm and a personal encounter resulted.

Of the mortgages filed, the largest single one

in favor of H. B. Claffin & Co., of New-York, for John Ryan, sr., to cover paper he had indorsed, and to John Ryan, Jr., for the same purpose-\$70,319. Application has been filed for a receiver, returnable Thursday, May 28.

TO SUSPEND ITS PRESIDENT.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE IRISH NA-TIONAL LEAGUE SHOWS A DESIRE TO DO SO.

Ledwith Hall, at Forty-fifth-st, and Third-ave, wa filled last evening on the occasion of a special meeting of the Municipal Council of the Irish National League called by Patrick Gleason, the president, and L. F Fallam, the secretary. Parnellites and Anti-Par-nellites were out in larger numbers than usual, especially the Paraellites. The business before the house was in relation to the action of members of the Irish Parliamentary Fund Association and the president of the Municipal Council of the League, with som other delegates from that body, who met in the Hoffman House on last Thursday. At that meeting it was decided to send \$15,000 of the money in the hands of Eugene Kelly, collected at the big meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House, to Ireland to relieve the people suffering from eviction in that country. It was also decided at that meeting to start the Irish National Federation of America as an auxiliary to the organization in Ire land of the same name headed by Justin McCarthy.

In regard to the money, Michael Breslin, Stephe

McFarland, Dr. Donlin, Edward O'Flaherty and others as leaders of the Parnellites maintained that it was illegal to send any of the money without the consent of the United Irish societies, under whose auspices the meeting at which it was raised was held. Concerning the other matter the following resolution moved by Edward O'Flaherty was introduced:

Resolved. That we hereby suspend Patrick Gleason, J. P. Ryan and Hugh King, who were present at the meeting and agreed to this action, from the use of any and all of their rights and privileges as members of the Municipal Council of the League until such time as the report appeared. pointed by the committee of this organization in regard

In the preamble to these resolutions the word traitorously" was applied to the action of the three men named; but Mr. O'Flaherty, who moved the reso-lution, wished that it should be expunged. This wish was put in the form of an amendment and lost and then a prolonged debate took place on the original motion, which lasted until the small hours of the morning. Messrs, Gleason, Ryan and King protesting the Council had no power to take such action.

Every one who wishes to buy or rent a house in town or country should examine the little advertise-ments on the ninth page of The Tribune.

REILLY IS A FIGHTER.

HE AND HIS MEN NOT AFRAID OF TAMMANY GUNS.

Fur flew all around in the legendary council chamber of Tammany Hall last night in the bitter fight between the Reilly and anti-Reilly factions for the control of the XIVth Assembly District. The long-deferred inquiry into the causes for discontent with the Reilly dynasty Jennie Wray, and the test many first test and the ushers were Clifford W. Starreit, John S. Guest, of which Register Frank T. Fitzgerald is chairman, and Frank Bates. Winifred C. Rhoades, Clarence II. Sleight four other Tammany district leaders, John F. Carroll, William J. McKenna, William P. Dalton and Nichola- Brown, are the other members. Scated about the apartment in luxurious armehairs similar to those occupled by the committeemen were ex-Register John Reilly, ex-Senator Thomas J. Creamer and Percy Rock well, the Third-ave, baker, who both yearn for John Reilly's old shoes of leadership; Assemblyman William Alderman Jacob Kunzemann, Senator George F. Roesel who expects to succeed Charles Steckler as leader o the Xih District, and several other "statesmen" wh have ranged themselves on the opposing sides in the council chamber was fammed with partisans of John Reilly, who had come to the Wigwam to show "how de Registur stud in de deestrick." They became s noisy in their demonstrations of loyalty to Reiliy that Chairman Fitzgerald went out and threatened to driv them into the street if they did not stop their shouting

Lewis J. Conlan opened the ball against Reilly, a cusing him of want of political common sense when he will give notice of its readiness to redeem on Septem turned the leadership of the XIVth District over to his ber 1 the \$50,000,000 41-2 per cent bonds outstand that Reilly thought the district was able to run itself and required no head. Now he came back here and asked that the mantle of leadership might again be adjusted to his shoulders. Under the Reillys the district had gone to the dogs. Mr. Reilly defended himself and made counter charges against his opponents. He was again bitterly assailed by John P, Schuchman who said that Reilly had ignored the German element in the district. Reilly had ignored the German element in the district. Schuchman threatened open rebellion if Reilly should be reinstated. The ex-Register retorted that Schuchman's grievance was that he falled to get the place on the City Court Bench given to Leonard A. Giegerich when

Judge Nehrbas died. John E. Donnelly took up the cudgels for Reilly and when he sat down ex-Senator Creamer had his innings on the anti-Reilly side. He called John Reilly an "m nanageable political war-horse" and charged him with a long series of nameless acts of disloyalty to Tammany Hall. After Mr. Creamer had spoken about half an hour he said that the discussion had taken a wholly different turn from what he expected and expressed a desire to write out and file with the Committee the rest of his accusations. The chairman replied that he might do so if he would get them in by Saturday noon.

Assemblyman Sulzer made a fantastie, spreadeagle were opposing Rellly. He compared John Reilly to Paul Revere, and drew a graphic picture of the ex-Register tearing around his district at 4 a. m. on election day, begging, imploring and commanding his fellow

election over Reilly's regular Tammany candidate, spoke against the Reilly management, and Herman Muhlbaus, Thomas Pearson and Charles Goeller, chairman of the Tammany district committee, argued for the Reillys. Tammany district committee, argued for the Reillys.

"Bootle" ex-Alderman McQuaid closed the debate speaking for Reilly. The chairman declared the inquiry closed and said that the lists for proposed members of the new district committee must be in by Monday noon. The general expectation is that the anti-Reilly faction have failed to make out their case. The decision of the committee will be reported to the Committee on Organization when next called together. On Thursday evening the Committee will take up the Xth District troubles involving the Steckler revolt.

A LITERARY SOCIETY'S ENTERTAINMENT.

The theatre attached to St. Francis Xavier's College wa crowded last evening on the occasion of the twenty-second shibition of the Literary Society of St. Francis Xavier's hurch. The programme consisted of recitations, songs ind the reading of essays. The masses of the Kavier Club orchestra, and the reading of essays. The masses of the Kavier Club orchestra, and the direction of Professor Otto Schmitthaur. Francis one face, with its crown of some face, with its crown of familiar to many frequenters of the parks and favorite driveways of the city.

Mrs. Cutting was a woman of fine presence, and with the city of the parks and favorite driveways of the city.

Mrs. Cutting was a woman of fine presence, and who knew the complished linguist, and ford of music, having been appearance of the parks and favorite driveways of the city. Tammins, was then played. The representation of the parts taken by the various performers was warmly ap-

You may save yourself much trouble in your search or something you need by examining the little ad-artisements on the ninth page of The Tribune to-day.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

CONSIDERING THE SEAL QUESTION. THE NECESSITY FOR PROMPT ACTION TO PRE-

VENT POACHING IN ALASKA. Washington, May 26,-The Behring Sea policy for the present season will probably be settled soon. The question formed the topic of a long discussion this morning by the President, Secretary Foster and Secre-tary Tracy, in the course of which Captain Shepard, Chief of the Revenue Marine Division, and Mr. Tingle (frief of the Special Agents, were called upon to supply ertain necessary information in regard to the seal fisheries. The question was subsequently considered at the regular Cabinet meeting.

The question was discussed at length, but no con clusion was reached. Secretary Foster and Assistant Secretary Adec, who is acting as Secretary of State in the absence of Mr. Blaine, will have a special conference with the President on the subject-probably to morrow-with a view to a speedy determination of was established by John Ryan twenty-six years ago. plan of action. The President fully appreciates the necessity for prompt action in this matter and is doing all in his power to arrange it so that there may be no further delay in the departure of the revenue cutters Rush and Boar to Behring Sea for the purpose of protecting the interests of the United States. vessels were to start now they would not reach the fisheries until the middle of June, or fifteen days after Two or three months ago there were rumors of his fisheries until the middle of June, or fifteen days after being financially embarrassed, and a suit was brought the opening of the season, and it is understood that forty-nine peaching vessels are now in the vicinity of Behring Sea, threatening the pursuit and slaughter of scals in that disputed territory.

The North American Commercial Company' ssteame left San Francisco for the seal islands about a week ago and will probably arrive there by the end of the month, when the employes of the company will at once take eals and will continue to do so until the entire number \$111,700. Mortgages aggregating \$84,849 were given allowed by law is secured, unless some order is received from the officials at Washington to the contrary. They will not be able, it is said, to secure a large number before June 20, as the seals do not frequent the islands to any great extent before that time. So that, if the citters get away from the United States within the next few days they will probably be able to reach he islands with the orders they have received before many scals are secured. In April last the company received an order from the Treasury Department to ake 60,000 skins, the full limit allowed by law, and this order has never been countermanded.

The offers of the British Government for a close eason, the poaching by Canadian vessels to be supseason, the poaching by Canadian vessels to be sup-pressed by Great Britain if the taking of seals by the Commercial Company is also stopped, are still pend-ing. It is learned that, subsequently to this offer, a proposition was made by the United States Government to Lord Salisbury, whereby the natives were to be allowed to kill 7,500 seals to supply them with food and clothing during the proposed close season. No definite reply, it is said, has been received from Lord Salisbury with respect to the suggestion, and it also is still pending. is still pending.

THE EXAMINATIONS COMPLETED. SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES FOR POSITIONS IN

THE NEW-YORK NAVY YARD.

Washington, May 26 (Special).-The Board of Ex miners for foremen and master mechanics at the New York Navy Yard has submitted a report to the Secre lary of the Navy. The Board, of which Captain F. M Bunce is senior member, convened on May 1 at the yard, and has had daily sessions since. The appli yard, and has had daily sessions since. The apparaments for all places numbered ninety-three, and fifty-nine persons appeared for examination. Each candidate appeared personally before the Board and was subjected to an oral examination, his testimonials and ertificates were read in his presence, and he was remired to make written answers to certain questions without limit to time. Euch testimony concerning him as the Board could obtain, both oral and written, was received and duly considered. Following is a statement of the places for which examinations were held, with the names of those found best qualified in each case:

Construction Department-1, master shipwright, Ira Lillie; 2, master joiner, Andrew N. Child; 3, master shipfitter (outside), Thomas Rourke; 4, master ship fitter (inside), Munson W. Looker; 5, master shipsmith. Robert J. Ross; 6. master plumber, James A. Flood; 7. master sparmaker, Oscar Johnson; 8, master beatbuilder, James Hepenstall. Steam Engineering Department-9, master machinist, James P. Howatt; 10, oreman machinist, John Anderson; 11, master boiler maker, John O'Rourke; 12, master patternmaker, James Hare; 13, master moulder, William Forbes. Equipment Department-14, master salimaker, William L. Cowan. Yards and Docks-15, foremen laborers,

William Mitchell. The only changes this examination will make in the present force are in the positions of master ship-fitter (Inside), master boilermaker and foreman laborers. In the position of master ship-fitter, Mr. Locker succeeds Pierce Parsells, an appointee of Secretary Tracy; Mr. O'Rourke displaces William Quinn as master boller-Quinn was appointed under this Administration, and succeeded O'Rourke, who had the place during Mr. Whitney's term. Mr. Mitchell succeeds John was begun by the committee selected by "Boss" Gilroy. Buchanan as foreman laborer, the latter being an ap-

In several cases, notably those of the master ship-wright, master joiner, master shipfilter fontside and inside, master joiner, master shipfilter fontside and inside, master sparmaker, master boarbuilder, master sailmaker and master monider, the competition amounted to very little, if anything, as the candidates were ofther few in numbers or of such a class as practically to leave no opportunity for selection outside the persons at present holding the positions. The Board also desires to record the met that, while it has, in its lade ment, specified the candidates best qualified for the positions, it is of opinion that the men named for masters shipwright, joiner, shipfilter (outside), boiler-maker and sparmaker, do not reach that standard of excellence which is desirable, or which the best interests of the Government demand. The unsatisfactory state of affairs may be largely due to the want of a mice general knowledge on the part of the public as to the requirements of the positions, or to the inadequate rate of pay for some of the more junportant.

Washington, May 26.—The Treasury circular in regard to the 41-2 per cent loan will probably not be issued before next Monday. In it the Department purned the leadership of the XIVth District over to his ber 1 the \$50,000,000 4 1-2 per cent bonds outstanding thought the district was able to an all cases where the holders are not willing to that Relly thought the district was able to run itself and extend them at an interest rate of 2 per cent. Secre

> COLLECTOR ERHARDT IN WASHINGTON. Washington, May 26.-Collector Erhardt of New-York was at the Treasury Department to-day, in conference with Secretary Foster and Assistant Secre Nettleton and Spaulding, in regard to customs minigration matters at New-York.

> When in search of work or workers, horses or car-riages, hoard or roo. is, or real estate, consult The Tribune's "little advertisements of the people." You will find them on the ninth page to-day.

GAMES AT STEVENS INSTITUTE.

The Stevens Institute Athletic Association held its annual field games at the St. George Cricket Ground, Hoboken, vesterday afternoon. The winners: 100 yard dash, Cuntz, '93, 10 1-2 seconds; throwing Lacrosse ball, effort, expressing pity for the ungrateful creatures who MacCord '94, 346 feet 10 1-2 inches; 220-yard dash, Simpson, '93, 25 seconds; Throwing baseball, Strong, '92, 297 fert; running high jump, Coleman, '94; 440yard run. Simpson, '93, 59 seconds; running broad jump. Coleman, '94; standing broad jump, Coleman, '94, 10 citizens to arise from their beds and come out and vote feet 1 3-4 inches; one-half mile run. Boreland, '94, 2 minhe Tammany Hall ticket and save the country from sites 22 3-5 seconds; putting the shot, Lord '93, 30 feet The Assemblyman ended his speech in a flood of 6 inches; class relay race won by '93, time 3 minutes Alderman Kunzeman, who had prevailed at the last feet 11 inches; three-legged race, W. Cuntz and Post, '92, time 13 1-2; one-mile run, Boreland, '94, 4minutes 43 1-5 seconds.

The class of '94 scored 52 points, '92 scored 41, '93 ored 10 and '91 scored 2, '94 thereby securing the

DEATH OF MRS. JULIANA D'WOLF CUTILIG. Mrs. Juliana D'Wolf Cutting died vesterday morning at her home, No. 141 Fifth-ave. Her death was sudden, being due to heart disease, with which she had been affected since her ceturn a year ago from Europe. Mrs. Cutting was born in this city. Her father's family came from Bristol, R. L. and her mother was Miss Post, of this city. In early life she married Robert L. Cutting, of the well-known New-York family He died in 1881, after a married life of nearly half a Nearly the whole of Mrs. Cutting's life was passed in this city, the house where she died having been her home for the last thirty-eight years. recent years it had been her custom, in the after-

a devoted patron of the opera from its early days in New-York. She was much beloved by all who knew her. Sho leaves two sons, Robert L. Cutting, of this city, and Walter Cutting, of Pittsfield, Mass. The finiseral will be held at Grace Church on Friday at 10 a. m.

DR. HENRY J. VAN DYKE DEAD

HEART FAILURE KILLS HIM SUDDENLY.

THE LONG AND EMINENT CAREER OF THE WELL KNOWN CLERGYMAN.

The Rev. Dr. Henry J. Van Dyke, one of the best known Presbyterian elergymen in America and pro-fessor-elect of systematic theology in Union Theological Sensinary, died late on Monday night at his home in the Aldine apartment-house, No. 39 Remsen-st., Brooklyn. His death was extremely sudden and was due to heart failure. He died while Dr. S. Fleet Speir was Dr. Van Dyke fast week resigned the pastorate of

the Second Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, after thirty-eight years of service. He filled his pulpit in the church, at Clinton and Remsen sts., on Sunday and appeared to be in his customary good health. He had, however, complained recently of a feeling of oppression about the heart and had consulted with Dr. S. Fleet Speir several times. While preaching on Sunday evening he felt a severe pain in the region of the heart. But it soon passed away, and when he went to bed he said he felt strong and well. Early Mrs. Van Dyke allayed with the remedies prescribed Speir. After breakfast, which he ate with relish, he started to go New-York to attend a meeting of ministers, and on the way stopped to see Dr. Speir When he told of the two attacks of angina pectoris

Dr. Speir told him he must stop work at once and take a vacation, telling him that he must not have a repetition of the attack and to avoid it it would be necessary to go away for a prolonged rest. Dr. Van Dyke wanted to remain with his church a few days sore to attend the next communion in his church and some other parish matters, as his pastorate was not to end until October 15. Before leaving Dr. Speir's office he asked if it would do him any harm to go to the meeting he wished to attend in New-York, and was advised against it, and said he thought he would not go. But after getting into the street he felt so well that he went to New-York.

When he returned late in the afternoon he felt tired, but none the worse for his trip. He spent the evening with some friends and appeared to enjoy himself greatly. But at 9:30 o'clock the pain returned. Dr. Speir was at once sent for and attended at once. He ound his patient suffering no pain and his pulse was beating regularly. But suddenly the pulse ceased, and with convulsive movements of the body Dr. Van Dyke egan to gasp for breath and death ensued in a few noments. His last words were, when Dr. Speir said that he was suffering from angina pectoris: "You may call it whatever you please; I am prepared to go."

Henry Jackson Van Dyke was born in Abington, Penn., on March 2, 1822, and prepared for college at a Latin school in his native town. He was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1843 and en tered Princeton Theological Seminary. Upon hi graduation therefrom in 1845 he was ordained to the Presbyterian ministry and became paster of a church in Bridgeton, N. J. He remained there seven years, when ill-health led to his resignation. He was then for a year at Germantown, Penn., and in 1853 he ac cepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church, Old school, in Brooklyn. By subsequent consolidations and changes this became the Second Church, but all the time that he was in Brooklyn Dr. Van Dyke preached in the structure at Clinton and Remsen sts. He did much to aid in the work of uniting the Old School and the New School divisions of Presbyterian-He once resigned his pulpit in 1873 and accepted a call to Nashville, Tenn., but before he went to his new field he travelled abroad and upon his return his wife's health demanded that he remain in Brooklyn, and he resigned from the Nashville Church and was at once called to his former pulpit. Just before the war broke out he preached a strong anti-abolition sermon which caused great excitement. When the General Assembly met in Brooklyn in 1876 he was moderator In the trial of Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage by the Brooklyn Presbytery he was one of the foremost op-ponents of the Tabernacle pastor, but they were subsequently reconciled and Dr. Van Dyke officiated at the funeral of Dr. Spear, who was counsel for Dr. Tal-mage, and was invited to the recent opening of the new

Dr. Van Dyke was regarded as an authority upon theology and ecclesiastical law, and he was four times chosen a professor in theological seminaries at Columbia, S. C.; Allegheny, Penn.; Oaldand, Cal., and New-York City. He recently accepted the last of these to succeed Dr. Shodd and would have begun his work in October If the General Assembly had approved the nomination. He was a member of the Revision Committee of the General Assembly and aided in preparing the report made public last week. He strongly advocated the revision of the Westminster Confession before the Brooklyn Presbytery and succeeded in carrying it by a nearly unanimous vote.

At the recent meeting of Union Seminary alumni in

New-York he made a notable address, in the course of which he said: "If we cannot have orthodoxy and which he said. If we cambe a without orthodoxy," This was regarded as an extremely radical view for a man who had been as conservative in the past as Dr. Van Dyke had always been.

In personal appearance Dr. Van Dyke was under medium height, with black hair and beard, grizzled with gray. He was quick and alekt in movement and in his pulpit was an orator of great power. He always preached in the Geneva gown. Many of his sermons were published, and he was the author of many magazine and newspaper articles and one or two books.

He was married in 1849. His wife, two sons and one daughter survive him. His sons are the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, pasfor of the Brick Presbyterian Church in New-York, and Professor Paul Dana Van Dyke, of Princeton University. Dr. Van Dyke had many warm friends both in and out of his church. He was fond of nature and spent many of his vacations in the Adfrondacks and Cutsfulls.

Dr. Henry van Dyke, the son, reached his father's home last evening from Boston, where he preached on Sunday. He said that no date would be set for the finneral until his brother, Professor Van Dyke, who is in the West on his way to the Pacific coast, is heard from. But the services will be held in the Second Church, and the Rev. Drs. R. S. Storrs, John D. Wells, J. O. Murray, Dean of Princeton, and Thomas S. Hastings, of Union Theological Seminary, will be asked to make addresses. liberty, let us have liberty and go without orthodoxy."

REAR-ADMIRAL SAMUEL P. CARTER. Washington, May 26.-Rear-Admiral Samuel P. Carter (retired). United States Navy, died in this city to-

Rear-Admiral Carter was born in Carter County, Tenn., and was appointed mipshipman from that State on February 14, 1840. He was the only man in this country who ever held the highest grades in both the Army and the Navy. It was the fortune of war and his loyalty to the Union and his desire to be active in the defence of als country's flag that made this possible. He held the commission of lieutenant-tom-mander in the Navy, and that of a brevet major-general in the Volunteer Army at the close of the civil war, but drew the solary of only one of these offices. This was due to the fact that when the civil war began he was a lieutenant in the Navy, and was serving on the Seminole in the Brazil Squadron. Bellev-ing that the Navy would have little active work to do, he asked to be assigned to duty with the land forces, and on July 11, 1861, he was ordered to report to the Secretary of War for special duty. But prior to that time he had seen considerable service, not only in the monotonous duty in foreign stations, but also in the Mexican War, and was present at the capture of Vera The Secretary of War sent him to East Tenness

raise troops, and he organized the Tennessee Brigade, of which he was given command, with the commission of brigadier-general. About that time he won the sobri-quel of "Horse-Marine" because of his dual capacity His first engagement was at Wild Cat, Ky., in October, 1861, when General Zollicoffer was repulsed. In the came year he commanded in Southern Kentucky, and in perations against Cumberland Gap and in the Kanawha from whence the Relel troops were driven out and the valley reoccupied by the Union forces. He commanded the cavalry expedition into East Tennessee which tore up the track and destroyed bridges on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, and defeated the Rebels at Holston, Carter's Station and Jonesville. This cavalry raid was the first of any importance made by Union troops into Rebel territory, and was attended by valuable results, not only from the amount of damage inflicted upon the enemy by destruction of property, loss of troops and the breaking of their principal line of railway, but from the relief it afforded General Rosecrans, then pressed at Murfreesboro', and the new life it infused throughout all of our cavalry commands. , For this successful raid he received the thanks of the Generalin Chief of the Army in general orders, also of the commander of the Department of the Ohio, and the com mander of the District of Kentucky, with a recommendation for his promotion as major-general. He was then assigned to the command of the division of Central Kentucky in 1863, and was at the battle of Dution's Hill. He defeated Pegram's forces at Monticello and Beaver Dam, and Morgan's at West's, for which he received the thanks of the commander of the Department of the Ohio. In July, 1863, he had the command of the cavalry division of the Twenty-third Army Corps and took the advance when General immside occupied East Tennessee. He defeated Morgan's and Smith's forces, and was present at the siege and battle of Knoxville in November and Decem-ber, 1663, He was proyest-marshal-general of East

Tennessee until January, 1865, when he was relieved at his own request and sent to North Carolina and assigned to the command of the District of Newberne. He nanded the left wing at the battle of Kingston. where Bragg was defeated, and occupied Goldsboro', driving oht the Rebel garrison with his command. He driving oht the Rebel garrison with his command. He was brevetted major-general on March 13, 1805, and remained in command of the Twenty-third Army Corps until relieved from duty in North Carolina and honorably-mustered out of the Army in January, 1866. He was promoted to be lieutenant-commander in the Navy on June 23, 1865, and soon after he was mustered out of the Army he was given command of the double-ender ganboat Monocaey, on the Asiatic Station, where he remained three years. Duing the following three years he was commandant of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, receiving his promotion as captain on October 28, 1870. From 1872 to 1875 he commanded the frigate Alaska on the European Station, and was then made a member of the Lighthouse Board at Washington. He was promoted to be commondore on November 30, 1878, and to rear-admiral on May 16, 1882, having been put on the retired list on August 6 preceding.

JAMES MOHENRY.

London, May 26 .- James McHenry, well known as the principal litigant in the suits against the management of the Eric Railway some years ago, is dead.

James McHenry was perhaps best known for his long and complicated litigation with the Eric Railway, but he had a wide circle of friends to whom he endeared himself by his generous hospitality and his qualities as a man interested in the affeirs of the world. He was a man of scholarly attainments and refined tastes, and as a friend of Henry Irving and Ellen Terry he was well known in dramatic circles. By his restless energies he made himself, at one time, actually felt in e moves on the chess-board of European politics. Mr. McHenry was the son of a well-known Irish

physician who for many years practised in Philadelphia. James was born in Larne, Ireland, in 1817, but he was brought to this country by his parents while an infant. He was early in life engaged in mercantile pursuits. Going to Liverpool, he established a merantile business which grew to large proportions. He s said to have been the first man to import American butter and cheese into England. He was menaced tions were so large that his creditors were forced to combine to save him, and with their help he was enabled to clear his indebtedness and remove to London, where he began to speculate in domestic and American railway securities. His success led him early in the "sixtles" to undertake the construction of the Atlantic and Great Western Rallway, the first extension of the Erie road toward the West. This company was organized in 1865, but two years later it was thrown nto the hands of a receiver. After being leased to the Eric in 1868 the road passed through a series of vicissitudes which finally ended in its absorption by the corganized Eric, now known as the New-York, Lake Erie and Western. It was through his connection with the Atlantic and Great Western that Mr. McHenry became involved in litigation with the Erie Company which lasted down to the Jewelt administration and finally ended in a heavy vertict against him in the English courts. There were frequent rumors that he was on the verge of ruln in consequence of this long legal fight, but his command of resources was so peculiar that even after the final settlement of the con troversy adverse to him he was able to live in princely In the course of his railroad experience in America Mr. McHenry came in collision with Jay Gould and to the former's efforts in securing proxies from English ecurity-holders was largely due the revolution in Eric' management in 1872 by which the Gould-Pisk power was overthrown and General Dix made president of the company. Mr. McHenry held that the Erie had violated the terms of its lease of the Atlantic and Great Western, and on this point he battled with the manage ments of the Erie which successively followed that of Mr. Gould. Throughout the War of the Rebellion Mr. McHenry's sympathies were warmly with the Union cause, and, besides contributing liberally toward the equipment of the Corn Exchange regiment of Phila-delphia, which he looked upon almost as his native place, he presented a Whitworth gan-battery to that

Salamanca, N. Y., the town where the Atlantic and Great Western branched off from the Eric, received its name from Mr. McHenry in honor of the Duke of Salamanca, the financial adviser of Queen Isabella of Spain, who was largely interested in Mr., McHenry's American railway schemes. After the Spanish revolu-tion the Queen and her son Alfonso found refuge in Mr. McHenry's splendid home, Oak Lodge, at Kensington, London. It was through Mr. McHenry's efforts that Bischoffsheim, the banker, became financially in terested in the restoration, and the two men provided the funds which helped to bring Alfonso to the throne There existed a strong friendship between Mr. Mc-Henry and the Empress Eugenie of France, and when she and the Prince Imperial fled to England they found hospitality at Oak Lodge. The young Prince Imperial. like the Spanish Alfonso, was educated at Woolwich, and. Mr. McHenry lent himself to schemes for the res toration of the Napoleonic empire. It is said that there was a carefully prepared plan for an attempted coup d'etat and that from the funds raised through Mr. McHenry's efforts the corruption of French gararranged by the death of the Emperor. The final blow was not given to the work of the schemers until the young Prince Imperial fell a victim to the Zulu assegais distinguished Americans as well as famous foreigners He was generous, as well as sympathetic, and the hon of the late S. L. M. Barlow at Glen Cove became his property through Mr. McHenry, who, on one of his visits, heard the lawyer express admiration of the site. For many years Mr. McHenry paid frequent visits to this country, where he had a large social acqua

He was interested in rallway affairs to the last and he was a strong advocate of the introduction on this side of the Atlantic of the English policy of capitalizing all expenditures for improvements, instead of providing expenditures for improvements, Instead of previding for them out of net earnings. He also was caplind in his belief that American stockholders suffered from the diversion of earnings through the running of "ghost trains," which he held were freight trains that were sent out secretly over many roads by a "ring" of managers who roaped the profits.

In appearance Mr. Meifenry was not unlike Hugh J. Jewett, formerly president of the Eric, to whom he was bitterly opposed. A prominent nose, heavy jaws and firmly set lips gave to his smooth-shaven face an appearance of unusual strength. His manners were carnest at all times, but courtesy marked them throughout.

HORATIO GATES GILBERT.

Horatio Gates Gilbert died from dropsy yesterday at his home. No. 250 West One-hundred-and-twenty-eighth-st. He was born on July 27, 1818, in Waterloo, N. Y. At one time he was the cashier of the old Capitol Bank at was twice married, and leaves two sons and a daughte by his first wife and three sons and three daughters by his second wife, who is sti daughters by his second wife, living. His brother is ex-Juliving. His brother is ex-Judge Gilb rt, of Brooklyn. The funeral will be held at the house to morrow evening at 8 o'clock, and the burial will be on Friday morning in Hudson, where the old family pict is.

ELLIOTT EVANS. Ann Arbor, Mich. May 23 (Special).—Elliott Evans died suddenly this morning. He was born at Butavia, N. Y., on June 19, 1819. He was educated at Harvard and later he studied law in the office of H. W. Rogers, at Buffalo, and in due time was admitted to the bar. Later he was elected professor of law and political economy at Hamilton College, where the best years of his life were passed. He resigned some time ago, having become a His wife, the daughter of H. W. Rogers, died

Keep up that rasping cough, at the peril of breaking own your lungs and throat, rather let the afflicted immediately resort at once to Dr. D. Jayne's Ex pectorant, which cures all coughs and colds, and amoliorates all lung complications and thront-ails.

DECORATION DAY EXCURSION o Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko and the Switch-Back The Central Eastbroad of New-Jersey will run a pecial train from New-York to Mauch Chunk or becomation Day, May 30, leaving New-Yora, foot liberty-st., at 5:30 a. m. Fare for the round trip \$2.25, Switch-Back 50 cents extra.

Tickets can be extended to return on Sunday or

Monday on payment of \$1 additional to the agent Mauch Chunk. The Clothing Establishment of Brokaw Brothers will be closed on Saturday, Decoration Day.

The Cambridge, Fifth-ave. and Thirty-third-se., palatial, model hotel. Cutsine unsurpassed. Reich, proprietor .- (Home Journal.

Some people say Geo. C. Flint Co.'s (14th-st. and 6th-ave.) low prices, others think it is the wear of their furniture that has given them a great demand.

by a special agent and the names of 550 secured who are by a special agent and the names to 350 sectors who as willing to open their homes for the entertainment of summer boarders at \$4\$ to \$10 per week, also list of 275 hotels. Full information given in filustrated book, entitled, "Summer Homes Among the Green Hills of Vermont and Along the Shores of Lake Champlain." Copies sent free on application to W. R. Babook, S. P. A., C. V. R. R., 363 Broadway, New-York, or S. W. Cummings, G. P. A., C. V. R. R., St. Albans, Vt.

MARRIED. DAWES-TANNER-At the First Dutch Church, Kingston, N. Y., May 23, 1801, by the Rev. John G. Vansiyke, D. D. Dr. Spencer Lyman Dawes, of Saugerties, N. Y., to Alice, daughter of Major Alfred Tanner, of Kingston,

DIED.

ACKER-At his residence, No. 50 West 56th-st., on Tuesday May 20, 1801, Charles Livingston Acker, chiest son of the late Eavid D. Acker.

Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th-ave. and 534-st., Friday aftenoon, at 3 o'clock.

ADAMS—On Tuesday, May 26, Eather Jane Burr, willow of John B. Adams, in her folia year. Notice of funcial becalver. Interment at Wilton, Conn. COLES-At the Hotel del Monte, Monterey, California, on Sanday afternoon, May 3, Abraham Coles, M. D., LL. D., of Scotch Plains, New-Jersey, in the 78th year of his age.

age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services to be held Friday, May 29, at o'clock p. m., at the Peddle Memorial Church, Broads, N. J.

Interment as the convenience of the family. Boston and Philadelphia papers please copy.

CUTTING—On Tuesday morning, May 26, at No. 141 5th-ave. Julians D'Wolf, widow of Robert L. Cutting and daughter of the late James D'Wolf.

Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at Grace Church on Friday at 10 o'clock. FORESTER—At Rutherford, May 24, Margaret, widow of the late Richard Forester, in the 62d year of her age. Funeral Wednesday, May 27, 3 p. m., from the residence of her son-in-law S. J. Newick, Rutherford, N. J. Carriages in waiting on arrival of the 1:50 p. m. train from Chambers-et.

from Chambers-st.

GILBERT—In this city, Tuesday, May 26, Hor
Gilbert passed peacefully to rest, in the 73d y
age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Watertown and Albany papers please copy.

HAWLEY-At Lake Park, Minn., on Monday, May 28, 1891, Rev. Fictcher J. Hawley, D. D., in the 78th year

of his age.

HITCHCOCK—In Nice, France, March 15, Samuel W.

Hitchcock, In his 54th year, san of the late Hon. Samuel
J. Hitchcock, IL, D., of New-Haven, Costn.

HOLT—At Rose Hill, Dosoris, L. I., on Monday, May 25,
of heart failure, Mare Louise, only child of Estelle
Brundage Miller and the late Edmund Owen Holt, in of heart failure, Marie Louise, only china of hostend Brundage Miller and the late Edmund Owen Holt, in her 19th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services from the residence of Harold L. Crane, 55 Rem-sen-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 27th, at 4 o'clock.

sci.-t., Brooklyn, on vennessay, and 2 to, as a vector of HULSHIZER—On Tuesday, May 20, Austin, son of J. E. and liachael V. Hulshizer, and 27 years.
Relatives, friends of the family and class 83, Columbia Coliege, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his interesting, May 2.7 arxiv. Jersey City, on Thursday evening, May 28, at 8 o'clock.
Interment at convenience of family.

KENDRICK-On Sunday, May 24, at the Union League Club, Colonel Henry L. Kendrick, U. S. Army, retired, cust, Cooper Brus, and State S

West Point at 5 o'clock.

The Union League Club. New-York, May 23, 1891.—The members of the Union League Club are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of our late fellow-member. Colonel Heary L. Kendrick, and to assemble at the clubhouse on Wednesday morning, May 27, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of escorting the remains from the club to the church.

J. SEAVER PAGE, Secretary, LAGRAVE-On Monday, the 25th inst. Azubah S., widow of John J. Lagrave and daughter of the late Judge Grant of John J. Lagrave and daughter of the family are respectfully in-belatives and friends of the family are respectfully in-vited to attend the funeral at her late residence, No. 17 East 53d-st., on Wednesday, the 27th inst., at 2 o'clock

p. m. LEGGETT-Suddenly, at her late residence, 273 Byerson-st., Brooklyn, on the 24th inst., Maria A., daughter of the late John and Sarah H. Leggett. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, Wednesday, the 27th inst., at 2:30 p. m., at the residence of A. W. Leggett, 22 Seventh-ave., Brooklyn. Interment at the convenience of the family.

Interment at the convenience of the raining.

O'CONNOR-On the 25th Inst., James A., son of Rev.
James A. and Kate B. O'Connor, aged I year, II months
and 19 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the residence of his parents,
No. 142 West 21st-st., on Wednesday at 1 o'clock. No. 442 West Platest, on Wednesday at 1 o clock.

PRATT-In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, 24th inst.,
Adine Edgerly, wife of Henry Pratt, aged 51 years.

Services will be held at her late residence. No. 133 Fort
Greene, Place, at 8 o'clock on Wednesday evening, the
27th.

Poston and Chicago recease plane con.

n and Chicago papers please copy. Boston and Chicago papers please copy.

SANFORD—On Thursday May 21, at Healing Springs,
Va. Henry Shelton Sanford, late United States Ministed
in Belgium, in the 68th year of his age.

Funeral aervices will be held at Birmingham, Conn., on
Wednesday, May 27, at 2 o'clock. Train leaves Grand
Central Station, New-York and New-Haven E. R., at 10
a. m.; returning reaches New-York at 6:27 p. m.

SPEERS—At Owego, N. Y., on Monday, May 25, 1891,
William S. Speers, aged 82 years.

Funeral services at Owego Tuesday evening.

The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery Wednesday morning for interment.

TINSDALE-Suddenly, of pneumonia, Monday, May 25, at his residence, 45 Carmine-st., George W. Tinsdale, in at his residence, 45 Carmine-st., George W. I his 67th year. Funeral private. Troy, N. Y., and Australia papers please copy.

VAN DYKE-On Monday, May 25, at 10 p. m., in the 70th year of his age, the Rev. Henry Jackson Van Dyke, D. D., pastor of the Second Presbyerian Church, Brooklyn, and professor-elect in Union Theological Seminary, New-York.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

ice of funeral hereafter. WHITTEMORE-In Brooklyn, Tuesday, May 26, 1891, Alice Carey, daughter of Henry and Eliza Whittemore, Alice Carey, daughter of Henry and Eliza Whittemore, in the 29th year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 487 3d-st., Brook-lyn, Thursday, May 28, 10 o'clock a. m. Interment Nyack, N. Y.

Special Notices.

2 MILLION BOTTLES FILLED IN 1873. 18 MILLION " " 1800.

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The most effective moth destroyer. Sold everywhere. Take no other. The White Tar Co., New-York.

Postoffice Notice.

Should be read daily by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it is desired to send duplicates of banking and commercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sint by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending May 30, will close (prompily in all cases) at this office as follows:

s. s. City of Parts. via Queenstown: at 6 a. m. WEDNISSDAY—A.1. m., for Pernambuco, Rio Janeiro and Santos, also La Piata Countries, via Rio Janeiro, per s. s. Catania, irom Baltimere; at 4:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Verra, via Noothampton and Bremen (letters must be directed "per Friesjand"); at 11 a. m. for Beighum direct, per s. s. Friesjand"; at 11 a. m. for Fortune Island and Hayt, also Savanilla, etc., per s. s. Adrendack; at 1 p. m. for Cuba, per s. s. City of Alexandria, via Havana; at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for St. Croix and St. Thomas, via St. Croix, also Windward Islands direct, per s. s. Cribbee; at 3 p. m. for Bocas dei Toro, per s. s. Hugin, from New-Orleans; at 3 p. m. for Europe, per s. s. Augusta Should be read daily by all interested, as changes may

as S.a. m. for Santiago, Cuba, per S.s. Panama (letters for Vanezuela and Savanilla, etc., must be directed "per Panama"); at S.20 a. m. for Scotland direct, per s. a. Ethiopia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Ethi-opia"); at 1 p. m. for Inagua. Gonstves, St. Mare and Pors de Palx, per s. s. Oznama; at 3 p. m. for Truxillo, ret NNDAY—At 3 p. m. for Costa Rica, via Limon, per s. s. Foxball, from New-Orleans, s. foxball, from New-Orleans, s. at 6 30 p. m. Matls for China and Japan, per s. s. City of Fekhaz (from San Francisco), cleas here daily up City of Fekhaz (from San Francisco), cleas here daily up SUNDA.

SUNDA.

SE Foxball, from

Malls for the Society

Malls for the Society

Trom Sao Francisco). close here and Japan, p.

20, at 6:30 p. m. Malls for China and Japan, p.

21, at 6:30 p. m. Malls for China and Japan, p.

22, at 6:30 p. m. Malls for the Hawaiian I

per s. a. Zealandia (from San Francisco), close here dup to May 27, at 6:30 p. m. Malls for Australia.

Zealand, Hawaiian, Fill and Samoon Islands, r.

Mariposa (from San Francisco), close here daily at 820, at 6:30 p. m. loc on arrival at New-Yor

to Mariposa (from San Francisco), close here daily at 8:30 p. m. Malls for Australia.

Malls office daily at 8:30 p. m. Malls for Mi

rall to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at rall to Boston, and thence by steamer (sailing Mondays deeper and saily at 2:30 a. m.

er Among Green Hills and on Lake Shores.